

Kap 25 Differentiallikninger - Løsningsforslag

01. Differentiallikninger:

a)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x$$

$$dy = 4x dx$$

$$\int dy = \int 4x dx$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 2x^2 + C}}$$

Video

b)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - 3x^2 = 0$$

$$dy = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\int dy = \int 3x^2 dx$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = x^3 + C}}$$

Video

c)

$$y' + 5y = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -5y$$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = -5 dx$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y} = -5 \int dx$$

$$\ln|y| = -5x + C$$

$$e^{\ln|y|} = e^{-5x+C} = e^{-5x} \cdot e^C = Ke^{-5x}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = Ae^{-5x}}}$$

Video

d)

$$y' - 5xy = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = 5x dx$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y} = 5 \int x dx$$

$$\ln|y| = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^2 + c_1$$

$$\ln|y| = \frac{5}{2} x^2 + c_1$$

$$e^{\ln|y|} = e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2 + c_1}$$

$$|y| = e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2 + c_1} = e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2} e^{c_1} = c_2 e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2}$$

$$y = \pm c_2 e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2}$$

$$\underline{y = c e^{\frac{5}{2}x^2}}$$

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e)

$$y' - 5y = 2$$

$$\mu(x) = \int p(x) dx = \int (-5) dx = -5x$$

$$y(x) = e^{-\mu(x)} \int e^{\mu(x)} q(x) dx$$

$$= e^{5x} \int e^{-5x} \cdot 2 dx = 2e^{5x} \int e^{-5x} dx = 2e^{5x} \left[\frac{1}{-5} e^{-5x} + C \right]$$

$$\underline{\underline{= A e^{5x} - \frac{2}{5}}}$$

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f)

$$y'' - 4y' + 2y = 0$$

$$y = Ce^{rx}$$

$$y' = rCe^{rx}$$

$$y'' = r^2Ce^{rx}$$

$$r^2Ce^{rx} - 4rCe^{rx} + 2Ce^{rx} = 0$$

$$r^2 - 4r + 2 = 0$$

$$r = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 \pm \sqrt{3}$$

$$y_1 = e^{(2-\sqrt{3})x}$$

$$y_2 = e^{(2+\sqrt{3})x}$$

$$y = Ay_1 + By_2 = \underline{Ae^{(2-\sqrt{3})x} + Be^{(2+\sqrt{3})x}}$$

Video

02.

$$x(t) = A \cos(\omega t + \varphi) \quad \omega = 2\pi f = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} \quad \varphi = \tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{v_0}{\omega x_0}\right)$$

$$A = x_0 = 0.50 \quad \omega = \sqrt{\frac{2.0}{0.2}} = \sqrt{10} \quad T = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{10}} \quad f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\pi} \quad \varphi = \tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{0}{4\pi \cdot 0.20}\right) = 0$$

Video